

World War 2



Year Group: 6

Subject Focus: History

Term: Summer 2

| <mark>Event</mark> | Description | Dates |
|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | On 1st September 1939, Germany invaded Poland. Britain | |
| Outbreak of | and France (Poland's allies) gave Germany notice to | 1st - 3rd |
| WW2 | withdraw their troops. When they did not, Neville | September |
| | Chamberlain declared war on 3rd September 1939. | 1939 |
| | People expected cities to be bombed as the Germans | |
| Evacuation of | tried to hit military or trade targets. This would put | September |
| children | children in danger, so many were sent to live with | 1939 |
| | families in the countryside until the war ended. | onwards |
| | The Holocaust was a genocide committed by Germany | |
| The | before and during WW2. It involved the murder of over | 1933-1945 |
| Holocaust | 6 million Jewish people and millions of others. Many | |
| | people perished in concentration camps. | |
| | Large numbers of British, French and Belgian troops | 26 th May - |
| Evacuation of | were surrounded by German soldiers on the northern | 4 th June |
| Dunkirk | coast of France, 800 British boats set out and rescued | 1940 |
| | many of them against the odds, although many men died. | -,,, |
| | In the Battle of Britain, the Royal Air Force (RAF) | 10 th July - |
| Battle of | successfully defended Britain from attacks by Nazi | 31st October |
| Britain | Germany's Luftwaffe planes. | 1940 |
| | , | |
| The Attack | This was a surprise military attack by the Japanese on | 7 th December |
| on Pearl | the naval base at Pearl Harbour in Hawaii. It led to the | 1941 |
| Harbour | US joining the Allies in the war. | |
| | Also known as the Normandy Landings, these were a | 6 th June |
| D-Day | series of landing operations by the Allies to claim back | 1944 |
| Landings | Europe. | |
| Hitler's | With the German army facing defeat, Hitler married his | 30 th April |
| Suicide | partner Eva Braun on the 29 th April and the next day | 1945 |
| | they committed suicide. | |
| Germany | Germany officially surrendered to the Allies, bringing an | 7 th May 1945 |
| Surrenders | end to the fighting in Europe. | |
| | | 6 th -9 th |
| USA drops | Japan refused to surrender. The US considered invading, | • • |
| atomic bombs | but instead dropped atomic bombs on Hiroshima (6 th | August 1945 |
| on Japan | August) and Nagasaki (9 th August). | and |
| \4/\4/0 = 1 | Japan surrendered on August 15 th and this was formally | 2 nd |
| WW2 Ends | signed on the 2 nd September 1945. | September |
| | | 1945 |





The Atomic Bomb



Exciting books:









Key Vocabulary:

| П | | |
|---|---------------|---|
| l | Air raid | An attack by enemy planes dropping bombs. |
| ı | Allies powers | Countries (including Britain, France, the Soviet |
| ı | | Union and the USA) who fought the Axis Powers. |
| ı | Axis powers | Germany, Japan and other countries who fought |
| | | against the Allies Powers |
| | Blackout | A wartime ban on streetlights and other sources |
| | | of light during the night to reduce the risk of |
| ı | | bombing by enemy planes. |
| | Blitz | A prolonged period of German air raids on Britain. |
| | | From the German word 'Blitzkreig' which means |
| | | 'lightning war'. |
| | Evacuation | Moving people from dangerous areas (such as |
| | | cities) to safer places (such as the countryside) |
| | | to avoid air raid attacks. |
| | Gas mask | Face masks to protect people from poisonous gas |
| | | attacks. |
| | Invasion | When an army or country uses force to enter or |
| | | take control of another country or area. |
| | Propaganda | Information, especially of a biased or misleading |
| | | nature, used to promote a particular point of |
| 4 | | view. |
| | Rationing | Controlling the supply of food, clothes, petrol and |
| | | other products to avoid or reduce shortages. |
| | A | |

Did you know?

WW2 was predominantly fought in the skies over Britain so the air force was really important. The Battle of Britain was an important event where the RAF defended British skies from the German Luftwaffe.

Royal Air Force: Spitfire



Luftwaffe: Messerschmitt

